

**EXAM 3**

(SAMPLE)

NAME(print) \_\_\_\_\_

UCF PID \_\_\_\_\_

- \* **Show all your work** on the test itself. Correct answers with little or no supporting work will not be given credit.
- \* You are allowed a **hand written, half of 8.5 in × 11 in, one-sided** sheet of notes. Books, calculators or other aids are not allowed.
- \* Write legibly. **Circle** your final answer to each problem.

# 1	# 2	# 3	# 4	# 5	TOTAL
20	20	10	8	12	70

1. Determine whether the series is absolutely convergent, conditionally convergent, or divergent.

$$(1) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{\sqrt[4]{n}}$$

$$(2) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{n}{\sqrt{n^3 + 3}}$$

$$(3) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} \frac{n^2 2^n}{n!}$$

$$(4) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{\arctan n}{n^3}$$

2. Determine whether the series converges or diverges. Specify what TEST is used.

$$(1) \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n\sqrt{\ln n}}$$

$$(2) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{|\cos n|}{1 + (1.2)^n}$$

$$(3) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \ln \left( \frac{n}{2n+1} \right)$$

$$(4) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^{2n}}{(1+2n^2)^n}$$

3. Find the sum of the series.

$$(1) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-3)^{n-1}}{2^{3n}}$$

$$(2) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} [\arctan(n+1) - \arctan n]$$

4. For what values of  $x$  does the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\ln x)^n$  converge.

5. Find the limit of the **sequence**.

$$(1) \quad a_n = \frac{n \sin n}{n^2 + 1}$$

$$(2) \quad a_n = \frac{n^n}{(2n)!} \quad \left( \text{Hint : consider the series } \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \right)$$



ANSWERS:

1. (1) conditionally convergent                      (2) conditionally convergent  
(3) absolutely convergent                      (4) absolutely convergent

2. (1) divergent                      (2) convergent  
(3) divergent                      (4) convergent

3. (1)  $\frac{1}{11}$                       (2)  $\frac{\pi}{4}$

4.  $e^{-1} < x < e$

5. (1) 0                      (2) 0